

INFOWIND · 20

June 15 - 2021



Industry size in Brazil

of installed capacity

726

Wind Farms

Turbines in operation

States

How many energy do they generate?

of wind energy were generated in 2019

of all the generation injected into the National Interconnected System in the period.

growth over the previous year.

What represents this generation?

28.8 Million

of households per month can be supplied

86.4 Million

of benefited inhabitants

Brazil will have about **30.2**GW of wind power installed capacity

until 2024*

*Considering auctions already carried out and contracts signed in the free market

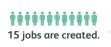
Contributions to wind energy

in Brazil



US\$35.8Billion

Of investments from 2011 to 2020.



21.2 Million tons of CO, avoided in 2019

AAAAAA



equivalent to the emission of about 20.9 million cars

Enables land-owners to

growing their animals

continue planting or

Brazilian electricity matrix in GW

8.7% 19.1 GW 58.3% **This matrix considers both 15.3 GW 103.0 GW wind farms in operations Hydro Small Hydro and the ones in tests 1.9% approved by ANEEL. 3.3 GW Photovoltaic 8.4% 14.8 GW Natural Gas 5.1% 9.0 GW Fuel Oil 2.0% 3.6 GW dineral Coal 1.1% 2.0 GW

Benefits of Wind Energy



Generates income and improves life for landowners with lease for placement of towers



It is renewable, it does not pollute, it contributes for Brazil to fulfill its objectives in the Climate Agreement



One of the best cost-effective energy tariffs



Wind parks do not emit CO2



Provides training and qualifications for local labor

The installation of wind farms contributes to increase in the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and the Municipal Human Development Index (MHDI), as identified by a study by GO Associados.

Through a comparison between a group of municipalities that have wind farms and another that does not, it was possible to conclude that in the municipalities where there are wind farms: to identify that in the municipalities that received their installation:



real GDP increased by 21.15% (period 1999 to 2017)



the MHDI grew about 20% (2000 to 2010 period)



Wind energy occupies little land, allowing the continuation of the creation of animals or plantations. Considering the space chosen for a wind farm, the turbines occupy about 8% of the area, and can reach about 6%.

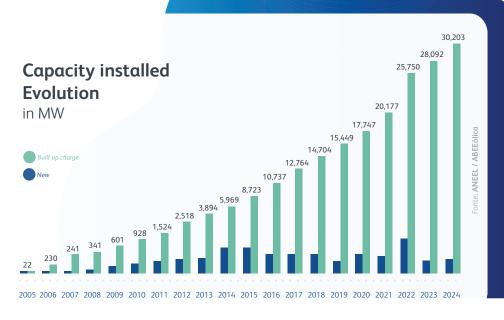
by State











Future data in the chart above comes from contracts already confirmed in auctions and transactions completed in the free market. New auctions will add further capacity in coming years.

Records

by area



of the energy consumed in Northeast subsystem came from wind farms, with a capacity factor of 71.14% and generation of 9,255.73 MWmed. (06/AUG/2020)



of the energy consumed in North subsystem came from wind farms, with a capacity factor of 95.73% and generation of 407.82 MWmed. (21/DEC/2019)



the energy consumed in South subsystem came from wind farms, with a capacity factor of 85.41% and generation of 1,705.09 MWmed. (25/MAY/2020)

15.06%

of the energy consumed in National Interconnected System came from wind farms, with a capacity factor of 62.57% and generation of 10,733.44 MWmed. (08/APR/2019)

International comparisons

GWEC

Brazil is ranked 7th in the World Ranking of wind energy installed capacity In 2012, Brazil was ranked 15th



Favorable winds in Brazil

Did you know?

80% of Brazilian wind farms are in the Northeast, a region that has one of the best winds in the world for producing wind energy.

The favorable winds for producing wind energy are more constant, have a stable speed and do not change direction frequently.

is the Capacity Factor 34% approx. global average.



was the average Capacity Factor in Brazil in 2020.

59%

was the largest average monthly Capacity Factor that wind energy in Brazil achieved during the "Wind Harvest" period in 2020."

